

# ***2018 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report for the City of Hawthorne 2010477***

*We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is drawn ground water from 2 wells. The wells draw water from the Floridan aquifer, and it is chlorinated for disinfection purposes.*

*In 2018 the Department of Environmental Protection performed a Source Water Assessment on our system and a search of the data sources indicated three potential sources of contamination near our wells with moderate to high levels of concern. The assessment results are available on the DEP Source Water Assessment and Protection Program website [www.dep.state.fl.us/swapp](http://www.dep.state.fl.us/swapp)*

*This report shows our water quality results and what they mean. If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact **Ellen Vause at (352) 481-2432**. We encourage our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. We encourage all of our customers to attend our regularly scheduled meetings held on the 1st Tuesday of each month at 6pm at City Hall.*

***The City of Hawthorne Water System** routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws, rules, and regulations. Except where indicated otherwise, this report is based on the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2018. Data obtained before January 1, 2018 and presented in this report are from the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.*

*In the table below, you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:*

**Action Level (AL):** *The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.*

**Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:** *The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.*

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG:** *The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.*

**Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL:** *The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.*

**Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG:** *The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.*

**Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l)** – *one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.*

**Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (µg/l)** – *one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.*

## CONTAMINANTS TABLE

Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of sampling (mo./yr.)	MCL Violation Y/N	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>							
Barium (ppm)	08/2018	N	0.0039	0.0037-0.0039	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Chromium (ppb)	08/2018	N	1.6	1.0-1.6	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium (ppm)	08/2018	N	7.0	5.48-7.0	N/A	160	Salt water from intrusion, leaching from soil

### Stage 2 Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products

For chlorine, the level detected is the highest running annual average (RAA), computed quarterly, of monthly averages of all samples collected. The range of results is the range of results of all the individual samples collected during the past year.

Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of sampling (mo./yr.)	MCL Violation Y/N	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG or MRDLG	MCL or MRDL	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine (ppm)	Monthly 2018	N	1.2	1.0-1.3	MRDLG = 4	MRDL = 4.0	Water additive used to control microbes
Haloacetic Acids (five) (HAA5) (ppb)	08/2018	N	5.45	NA	N/A	MCL = 60	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] (ppb)	08/2018	N	1.97	NA	N/A	MCL = 80	By-product of drinking water disinfection

*During the July through September 2016 monitoring period, we did not monitor or test for Disinfection byproducts (Haloacetic Acids [Five] and Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs)) from Location 2 (Hosebibb at Rec Facility), and therefore a monitoring violation was generated. Results were collected from Location 1 (6708 Southeast 23rd Terrace) are listed above and were below the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL). These two locations have historically been in compliance.*

Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of sampling (mo./yr.)	AL Violation Y/N	90th Percentile Result	No. of sampling sites exceeding the AL	MCLG	AL (Action Level)	Likely Source of Contamination
<b>Lead and Copper (Tap Water)</b>							
Copper (tap water) (ppm)	8/2017	N	0.378	0	1.3	1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Lead (tap water) (ppb)	8/2017	N	0.0	1	0	15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

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*If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The City of Hawthorne is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your*

*water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.*

*The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.*

*Contaminants that may be present in source water include:*

- (A) Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.*
- (B) Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.*
- (C) Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.*
- (D) Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.*
- (E) Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.*

*In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the EPA prescribes regulations, which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.*

*Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.*

*Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).*

*We at the City of Hawthorne would like you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to insuring the quality of*

*your water. If you have any questions or concerns about the information provided, please feel free to call any of the numbers listed.*

***PLEASE CONSERVE WATER. EVERY DROP COUNTS!***